

PART I: PHONETICS

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the rest in the same line

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|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. A. liter <u>at</u> ure | B. <u>ap</u> prehension | C. <u>ad</u> venture | D. <u>fa</u> ciility |
| 2. A. <u>re</u> commend | B. <u>re</u> collect | C. <u>re</u> claim | D. <u>re</u> ognition |
| 3. A. <u>pre</u> ferable | B. <u>de</u> rivation | C. <u>pre</u> paration | D. <u>pre</u> liminary |
| 4. A. envel <u>op</u> es | B. comm <u>un</u> icates | C. head <u>ach</u> es | D. jud <u>g</u> es |
| 5. A. hatch <u>e</u> d | B. learn <u>e</u> d | C. dedicat <u>e</u> d | D. need <u>e</u> d |

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
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II. Choose the word whose prominent tress is different from the others in the same line.

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|---------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|
| 6. A. computer | B. imagine | C. property | D. horizon |
| 7. A. arithmetic | B. luxury | C. architect | D. mineral |
| 8. A. arithmetic | B. assassinate | C. agriculture | D. contributor |
| 9. A. preservation | B. potentially | C. perversity | D. magnificent |
| 10. A. trigonometry | B. dramatically | C. photochemical | D. documentary |

6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
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PART II: VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I. Choose the best answers to complete each sentence.

11. You all look tired. Let's _____ a rest.
A. have B. get C. take D. either A or C
12. Our school _____ about 600 new students every year.
A. admits B. accepts C. allows D. gets
13. A week or two before New Year's Days, the markets are _____ people selling and buying things.
A. filled with B. crowded of C. ready for D. crowded with
14. I'm allergic to most canned foods. That's why I always look for something fresh and _____.
A. air-tight B. environment friendly C. chemical free D. home-brewed
15. _____ fish can hear, they have neither external ears nor eardrums.
A. Although B. But C. However D. Despite
16. The kind-hearted woman _____ all her life to helping the disabled and the poor.
A. wasted B. spent C. dedicated D. lived
17. Smoking has been _____ from all offices.
A. banned B. abandoned C. given up D. prevented
18. Scientists can grow _____ that are not affected by disease.
A. crops B. harvests C. animals D. things
19. The job they offer _____ very interesting with a fashion house in the city centre.
A. hears B. sounds C. appears D. looks
20. Perhaps men _____ more from heart disease than women because they do not cry enough.
A. are sick B. have C. trouble D. suffer
21. The situation was _____ because of the economy.
A. worsened B. removed C. devastated D. threatened
22. I don't like that soup. It _____ horrible.
A. touches B. feels C. sounds D. tastes
23. Lucy was late for school this morning because the alarm didn't _____ as usual.
A. ring off B. get off C. go off D. take off
24. The _____ of the radio by Marconi played an important part in the development of communication.
A. development B. discovery C. invention D. research
25. Marie Curie was the first woman to _____ two Nobel prizes.
A. win B. award C. reward D. achieve

26. We _____ in persuading a lot people to join our protest against low-quality products.
A. managed B. succeeded C. achieved D. fulfilled
27. I met Jim at college. It was the start of a _____ friendship.
A. longlife B. prolonged C. lifelong D. lengthened
28. Cold-blooded animals such as reptiles and fish do not dream, but _____ ones, including mammals and birds do. A. cool-blooded B. warm-blooded C. hot-blooded D. cold-blooded
29. In the early 16th century, the geography of the globe still _____ a mystery.
A. continued B. maintained C. was D. remained
30. Thousands of antibiotics _____, but only about thirty are in common use today.
A. have developed B. are developing C. have been developed D. have been developing
31. You are not allowed to drive your car in the city centre at rush hour _____ there is too much traffic then. A. because of B. because C. although D. in spite of
32. These days almost everybody _____ the dangers of smoking.
A. know of B. are aware of C. is aware about D. is aware of
33. The Internet makes it much easier _____ communicate with one another.
A. to people for B. for people C. that people can D. for people to
34. Because it was faster, Jim _____ on my taking the plane to London instead of the train.
A. resisted B. insisted C. refused D. reminded
35. _____ places which attract so many visitors as Venice, Italy.
A. Fewer B. As few C. There are few D. That fewer
36. If you need more information, _____ this number.
A. phone B. you will phone C. you would phone D. you phoned
37. _____ the girls has turned in the papers to the instructor yet.
A. Neither of B. Both of C. None of D. All of
38. Nha Trang, _____ last year, is excellent for holiday-makers.
A. we visited B. which we visited C. that we visited D. visited
39. Bats avoid _____ objects by emitting high-frequency sounds and listening for echoes.
A. to run into B. running onto C. running into D. to run onto
40. _____ Ann by phone, James decided to email her.
A. Having failed to contact B. Having failed contacting
C. He failed to contact D. That he failed contacting

11.	16.	21.	26.	31.	36.
12.	17.	22.	27.	32.	37.
13.	18.	23.	28.	33.	38.
14.	19.	24.	29.	34.	39.
15.	20.	25.	30.	35.	40.

II. Each of the following sentences has four underlined words or phrases. One of them is incorrect. Find the mistake and suggest a suitable alternative for each one.

41. The discovery of gold (A) in the Klondike attracted thousands (B) interested (C) in doing (D) a fortune.
42. The first electronic (A) computer components (B) were inventing (C) in the early 1950s. (D)
43. Many (A) charitable organizations are devoted (B) for eliminating (C) poverty and illiteracy (D) in the United States.
44. Batteries are used (A) as a ready source (B) of electricity (C) in various forms of portable equipped. (D)
45. There are nearly (A) 10,000 bee species (B) that exists (C) in most parts of the world. (D)
- 46 The ingredients (A) used to prepare many food items (B) and trade secrets (C) of the companies that sell it. (D)
47. Near all of the sciences (A) are based on (B) mathematical principles (C) that help to validate (D) the investigative process.
48. The book that (A) you see (B) playing (C) on the table be longs (D) to the teacher.
49. I suggest that (A) be goes (B) to the doctor (C) as soon as he returns from (D) taking the exam.
50. She is looking (A) forward to go (B) to Europe after she finishes (C) her studies at the (D) university.
51. They said that (A) the man jumped (B) off of (C) the bridge and plunged into (D) the freezing water.

52. Mr. Anderson used to jogging (A)in the crisp morning (B)air during (C)the winter months(D), but now he has stopped.

41.	44.	47.	50.
42.	45.	48.	51.
43.	46.	49.	52.

III. Fill each gap in the sentence with the correct form of the word in brackets.

53. To get a good.....of the interviewers, you have to be careful with your appearance. **(IMPRESS)**
 54. Over 200.....entered the race. **(COMPETE)**
 55. What will you say at the meeting inof your view? **(DEFEND)**
 56.supporters shouted wildly when a goal was scored. **(ENTHUSIASM)**
 57. New opportunities will emerge as theclimate improves. **(ECONOMY)**
 58. Some decisions were taken on the.....of very poor evidence. **(BASE)**
 59. The island offers such a wide.....of scenery and wildlife. **(VARY)**
 60. New methods will improve the quality of the finished..... **(PRODUCE)**
 61. Housework has..... been regarded as women’s work. **(TRADITION)**
 62. When writing essays, choosing words with.....is necessary. **(PRECISE)**

53.	55.	57.	59.	61.
54.	56.	58.	60.	62.

PART III. WRITING

I. Rewrite the second sentences in each pair. Use no more than five words including the word in brackets. DO NOT change this word.

63. Let’s clean the dishes in the morning (**washing up**).
 -> Let’s.....
 64. My sister is studying French at university (**course**).
 -> My sister is
65. His books are profitable (**money**).
 -> He
66. Have you made any arrangements for this weekend? (**anything**).
 -> Are
67. Joachim’s composition was very inaccurate (**mistakes**).
 -> Joachim.....

II. Rewrite each sentence, beginning as shown, so that the meaning stays the same.

68. Everyone believed that the house had been sold.
 -> The house
69. What would you do if you lost your job?
 -> Supposing
70. When we have finished building the house, we’ll plan the garden.
 -> After the house
71. It’s a pity I am going to work tomorrow.
 -> I wish
72. The living-room hasn’t been painted for two years.
 -> We

Part IV: READING

I. Read the passage below and decide the word that best fits each space.

The food we eat seems to have profound (73).....on our health. Although science has made enormous (74).....in making food more fit to eat. It has at the same time, made many foods unfit to eat. Some research has (75).....that perhaps eighty percent of all human illnesses are related to diet and forty percent of cancer is related to the diet as well, (76).....cancer of the colon. People of different cultures are more prone to (77).....certain illnesses because of the characteristic foods they consume. That food is (78).....to illness is not a new discovery. In 1945, government researchers realized that nitrates and nitrites (commonly used to (79).....colour in meats) as well as other food additives caused

cancer. (80).....these carcinogenic additives (81).....in our food, and it becomes more difficult all the time to know which ingredients on the (82).....labels of proceeded food are helpful or harmful.

The additives that we eat are not all so direct. Farmers often give penicillin to cattle and poultry, and because of this, penicillin has been (83).....in the milk of (84).....cows.

Sometimes similar drugs are administered to animals not for medicinal purposes, but for financial reasons. The farmers are simply trying to (85)..... the animals in order to obtain a higher price on the market.

- 73. A. affect B. effect C. effects D. affects
- 74. A. steps B. things C. advance D. technique
- 75. A. stated B. said C. expressed D. shown
- 76. A. specially B. especially C. generally D. especial
- 77. A. contract B. meet C. infect D. affect
- 78. A. connecting B. associated C. attached D. related
- 79. A. conserve B. protect C. preserve D. keep
- 80. A. Yet B. However C. But D. Although
- 81. A. remain B. Stay C. exist D. contain
- 82. A. package B. packaging C. packaged D. packet
- 83. A. seen B. found C. tasted D. smelled
- 84. A. treating B. treatable C. treated D. untreated
- 85. A. fattening B. fatten C. fat D. fatter

II. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to each question.

Although the period that we call the Renaissance began in Italy in the fourteenth century, this idea of rebirth in learning characterized other epochs in history in different parts of the world.

In 800 A.D. Charlemagne became king of the Franks and initiated the Carolingian Renaissance a period which saw beautiful and more modern cities patterned on Roman architecture. His improvements in instruction for boys expanded the educational system, helped maintain culture, and continued a society in Western Europe, as well as created libraries (a carryover from Alexandrian Egypt of 323 B.C).

Kievan Russia also enjoyed a period of rebirth some 200 years later under the able rule of Yaroslav the Wise. Like Charlemagne, he founded schools, established libraries, and brought about many architectural achievements.

- 86. Which was the earliest period of rebirth mentioned?
A. Russian B. Italian C. Carolingian D. Roman
- 87. Which city did Charlemagne look upon as a model for his architectural improvements?
A. Kiev B. Rome C. Carolingian D. Frank
- 88. Which of the following was NOT mentioned as a characteristic of the Renaissance movement?
A. maintaining the status quo B. improved education
C. architectural advances D. creation of libraries
- 89. How many centuries separated the Kievan and the Italian Renaissance? A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5
- 90. The word “carryover” in this selection most nearly means.
A. remnant B. residue C. innovation D. barbarism

86.	87.	88.	89.	90.
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III. Fill in each blank with a suitable word.

Whenever I have to (91).....in an (92).....form for a job, I can't (93).....thinking about how many jobs I have had (94).....I left school. I started off as a shop (95).....in a local shop , but I soon found (96).....that it did not suit my personality very much.

Then I decided I needed some career guidance, (97)..... I visited a specialist (98)..... asked me to fill in a questionnaire and then (99).....me that a job in the promotion of sports would (100).....me.

91.	93.	95.	97.	99.
92.	94.	96.	98.	100.

The end

ĐÁP ÁN MÔN TIẾNG ANH LỚP 10

(năm học 2013-2014)

PART I: PHONETICS

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the rest in the same line

1. B 2. C 3. D 4. A 5. B

II. Choose the word whose prominent stress is different from the others in the same line.

6. C 7. A 8. C 9. A 10. B

PART II: VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I. Choose the best answers to complete each sentence.

11. D 12. A 13. D 14. C 15. A 16. C 17. A 18. A 19. B 20. D

21. A 22. D 23. C 24. C 25. A 26. B 27. C 28. B 29. D 30. C

31. B 32. D 33. D 34. B 35. C 36. A 37. A 38. B 39. C 40. A

II. Each of the following sentences has four underlined words or phrases. One of them is incorrect.

Find the mistake and suggest a suitable alternative for each one.

41. D. doing -> making

42. C. Were inventing -> were invented

43. C. for eliminating -> to eliminating

44. D. portable equipped -> portable equipment

45. C. exists -> exist

46. D. sell it -> sell them

47. A. Near all of the sciences -> Nearly all of the sciences.

48. C. laying -> lying

49. B. goes -> go

50. B. go -> going

51. C. of -> bỏ of

52. A. jogging -> jog

III. Fill each gap in the sentence with the correct form of the word in brackets.

53. impression

58. basis

54. competitors

59. variety

55. defence/ defense

60. product

56. enthusiastic

61. traditionally

57. economic

62. precision

PART III. WRITING

I. Rewrite the second sentences in each pair. Use no more than five words including the word in brackets. NO NOT change this word.

63. do the washing-up

64. doing a French course

65. makes a lot of money

66. you doing anything

67. made a lot of mistakes

II. Rewrite each sentence, beginning as shown, so that the meaning stays the same.

68. The house was widely believed to have been sold.

69. Supposing you lost your job, what would you do?

70. After the house has been built, we'll plan the garden.

71. I wish I wasn't going to work tomorrow.

72. We haven't had the living room painted for two years.

Part IV: READING

I. Read the passage below and decide the word that best fits each space.

73. C 74. A 75. D 76. B 77. A 78. D 79. C 80. A

81. A 82. B 83. B 84. C 85. B

II. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to each question.

86. C 87. B 88. A 89. B 90. A

III. Fill in each blank with a suitable word.

91. fill

96. out

92. application

97. so

93. help

98. who

94. since

99. told

95. assistant

100. suit